

SQL Commands: Modifying

What	How	Example(s)
Create table	CREATE TABLE <i>table</i> (<i>column1 type</i> [[NOT] NULL] [AUTO_INCREMENT], <i>column2 type</i> [[NOT] NULL] [AUTO_INCREMENT], ... <i>other options</i> , PRIMARY KEY (<i>column(s)</i>));	CREATE TABLE Students (LastName varchar(30) NOT NULL, FirstName varchar(30) NOT NULL, StudentID int NOT NULL, Major varchar(20), Dorm varchar(20), PRIMARY KEY (StudentID));
Insert data	INSERT INTO <i>table</i> VALUES (<i>list of values</i>); INSERT INTO <i>table</i> SET <i>column1=value1</i> , <i>column2=value2</i> , ... <i>columnk=valuek</i> ; INSERT INTO <i>table</i> (<i>column1,column2,...</i>) VALUES (<i>value1,value2...</i>);	INSERT INTO Students VALUES ('Smith','John',123456789,'Math','Selleck'); INSERT INTO Students SET FirstName='John', LastName='Smith', StudentID=123456789, Major='Math'; INSERT INTO Students (StudentID,FirstName,LastName) VALUES (123456789,'John','Smith');
Insert/Select	INSERT INTO <i>table</i> (<i>column1,column2,...</i>) SELECT <i>statement</i> ; (See below)	INSERT INTO Students (StudentID,FirstName,LastName) SELECT StudentID,FirstName,LastName FROM OtherStudentTable; WHERE LastName like '%son';
Delete data	DELETE FROM <i>table</i> [WHERE <i>condition(s)</i>]; (Omit WHERE to delete all data)	DELETE FROM Students WHERE LastName='Smith'; DELETE FROM Students WHERE LastName like '%Smith%'; AND FirstName='John'; DELETE FROM Students;
Updating Data	UPDATE <i>table</i> SET <i>column1=value1</i> , <i>column2=value2</i> , ... <i>columnk=valuek</i> [WHERE <i>condition(s)</i>];	UPDATE Students SET LastName='Jones' WHERE StudentID=987654321; UPDATE Students SET LastName='Jones', Major='Theatre' WHERE StudentID=987654321 OR (MAJOR='Art' AND FirstName='Pete');
Insert column	ALTER TABLE <i>table</i> ADD COLUMN <i>column type options</i> ;	ALTER TABLE Students ADD COLUMN Hometown varchar(20);
Delete column	ALTER TABLE <i>table</i> DROP COLUMN <i>column</i> ;	ALTER TABLE Students DROP COLUMN Dorm;
Delete table	DROP TABLE [IF EXISTS] <i>table</i> ;	DROP TABLE Animals;

SQL Commands: Querying

What	How	Example(s)
All columns	SELECT * FROM <i>table</i> ;	SELECT * FROM Students;
Some columns	SELECT <i>column1,column2,...</i> FROM <i>table</i> ;	SELECT LastName, FirstName FROM Students;
Some rows/ columns	SELECT <i>column1,column2,...</i> FROM <i>table</i> [WHERE <i>condition(s)</i>];	SELECT LastName,FirstName FROM Students WHERE StudentID LIKE '%123%';
No Repeats	SELECT [DISTINCT] <i>column(s)</i> FROM <i>table</i> ;	SELECT DISTINCT LastName FROM Students;
Ordering	SELECT <i>column1,column2,...</i> FROM <i>table</i> [ORDER BY <i>column(s)</i> [DESC]]];	SELECT LastName,FirstName FROM Students ORDER BY LastName, FirstName DESC;
Column Aliases	SELECT <i>column1</i> [AS <i>alias1</i>], <i>column2</i> [AS <i>alias2</i>], ... FROM <i>table1</i> ;	SELECT LastName,FirstName AS First FROM Students;
Grouping	SELECT <i>column1,column2,...</i> FROM <i>table</i> [GROUP BY <i>column(s)</i>];	SELECT LastName,COUNT(*) FROM Students GROUP BY LastName;
Group Filtering	SELECT <i>column1,column2,...</i> FROM <i>table</i> [GROUP BY <i>column(s)</i>] [HAVING <i>condition(s)</i>];	SELECT LastName,COUNT(*) FROM Students GROUP BY LastName HAVING LastName like '%son';
Joins	SELECT <i>column1,column2,...</i> FROM <i>table1,table2,...</i> [WHERE <i>condition(s)</i>];	SELECT LastName,Points FROM Students,Assignments WHERE AssignmentID=12 AND Students.StudentID=Assignments.StudentID;
Table Aliases	SELECT <i>column1,column2,...</i> FROM <i>table1</i> [<i>alias1</i>], <i>table2</i> [<i>alias2</i>],... [WHERE <i>condition(s)</i>];	SELECT LastName,Points FROM Students S,Assignments A WHERE S.StudentID=A.StudentID AND A.AssignmentID=12;
Everything	SELECT [DISTINCT] <i>column1</i> [AS <i>alias1</i>], <i>column2</i> [AS <i>alias2</i>], ... FROM <i>table1</i> [<i>alias1</i>], <i>table2</i> [<i>alias2</i>],... [WHERE <i>condition(s)</i>] [GROUP BY <i>column(s)</i>] [HAVING <i>condition(s)</i>] [ORDER BY <i>column(s)</i> [DESC]]];	SELECT Points, COUNT(*) AS Cnt FROM Students S,Assignments A WHERE S.StudentID=A.StudentID AND A.AssignmentID=12 GROUP BY Points HAVING Points > 10 ORDER BY Cnt, Points DESC;